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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/712,631	11/12/2003	Hideo Suzuki	393032019712	2132
25224 7590 07/22/2008 MORRISON & FOERSTER, LLP 555 WEST FIFTH STREET			EXAMINER	
			ZHOU, TING	
SUITE 3500 LOS ANGELES, CA 90013-1024			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
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Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

# Application No. Applicant(s) 10/712.631 SUZUKI ET AL. Office Action Summary Examiner Art Unit TING ZHOU 2173 -- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --Period for Reply A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS. WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b). Status 1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on 04 June 2008. 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL. 2b) This action is non-final. 3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213. Disposition of Claims 4) Claim(s) 8.17.23 and 26-29 is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration. 5) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are allowed. 6) Claim(s) 8,17,23 and 26-29 is/are rejected. 7) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) \_\_\_\_\_ are subject to restriction and/or election requirement. Application Papers 9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are; a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abevance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152. Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119 12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some \* c) None of: Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). \* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) 4) Interview Summary (PTO-413)

PTOL-326 (Rev. 08-06)

Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/S5/08)

Paper No(s)/Mail Date 05/16/08

Paper No(s)/Mail Date.

6) Other:

Notice of Informal Patent Application

Application/Control Number: 10/712,631 Page 2

Art Unit: 2173

#### DETAILED ACTION

The Request for Continued Examination (RCE) filed on 04 June 2008 under 37 CFR
1.53(d) based on parent Application No. 10/712,631 is acceptable and a RCE has been established. An action on the RCE follows.

The amendments filed on 04 June 2008, submitted with the filing of the RCE have been received and entered. Claims 8, 17, 23 and 26-29 as amended are pending in the application.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- Claims 8, 17, 23 and 26-29 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over "Emagic Notator Logic Sequencing Software (Macintosh)" by Jim Aikin (hereinafter "Aikin"), Blumenau U.S. Patent 5,664,216 and Mandt U.S. Patent 6,621,532.

Referring to claims 8, 17 and 23, Aikin teaches a method, apparatus and computer readable medium encoded with a computer program to perform controlling the computer system Art Unit: 2173

to display at least one layer on a screen of the display (sequencing software with several layers) (Aikin: pages 12-124, 127-128 and Figures 2-3); attaching an execution icon corresponding to execution-related data onto the layer, wherein the execution-related data constructs a part of performance data (icons corresponding to the musical performance can be attached to each laver) (Aikin: pages 12-124, 127-128 and Figures 2-3), wherein the attached execution icon represents execution-related data for adding a predetermined type of articulation to a musical tone to be generated based on performance data, and wherein the step of attaching the execution icon causes the corresponding execution-related data to be incorporated into the performance data being edited (Aikin: pages 12-124, 127-128 and Figures 2-3). In these cited sections, Aikin describes how a user selects execution icons corresponding to execution-related data representing articulation used in music performance, i.e. pipe organ icon representing how the pipe organ, a musical instrument, performs from a palette of icons and places them on a layer, causing the corresponding data to be incorporated into the performance data being edited. For example, a user may select a pipes organ icon, which corresponds to how the performance is to be executed, and is therefore an execution icon. The musical notes are also execution icons pertaining to how music is to be played/executed. Aikin further teaches allowing the execution icon of the layer to move in response to an operation of a user of the computer system (notes and tools can be moved around on the sequences and tracks) (Aikin: page 123-124). Although Aikin teaches icons for adding a predetermined type of articulation, Aikin fails to explicitly teach that the predetermined type of articulation causes the musical tone to be generated in accordance with a specific performance technique. Blumenau teaches a graphical user interfaces that uses icons to transform audio data (Blumenau: column 2, lines 22-34) similar to that of Aikin. In addition,

Art Unit: 2173

Blumenau further teaches adding a predetermined type of articulation to a musical tone to be generated, the predetermined type of articulation causes the musical tone to be generated in accordance with a specific performance technique (icons are placed on the screen to transform a musical tone, i.e. audio data; for example, icons can represent filter icons that affect audio performance techniques/process, i.e. the technique of bending audio data) (Blumenau: column 2, lines 22-57, column 5, lines 18-20 and column 8, lines 8-35). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Aikin and Blumenau before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the attachment of an execution icon to a layer for generating a musical tone of Aikin to include the placement of icons for evoking specific performance techniques of the musical tone, as taught by Blumenau. One would have been motivated to make such a combination in order to provide a graphical environment that allows editing of audio data in a much more intuitive manner (Blumenau: column 2, lines 15-20 and 58-62). However, Aikin and Blumenau fail to explicitly teach detecting an event in which the execution icon is moved outside of a prescribed display area, and upon detection of the event, deleting the execution icon and the execution-related data corresponding to the execution icon from the performance data. Mandt teaches a graphical user interface for allowing users to select icons to be placed into an area (creating toolbar icons/buttons in response to user's drag/drop input) (Mandt: column 3, lines 21-29) similar to that of Aikin and Blumenau. In addition, Mandt further teaches allowing the execution icon of the layer to move in response to an operation of a user of the computer system (icons on the toolbar can be dragged around the toolbar) (Mandt: column 8, lines 8-17); detecting an event in which the execution icon is moved outside of a prescribed display area (dragging an icon from the toolbar out of the toolbar area) (Mandt: column 8, lines 8-17), and

Application/Control Number: 10/712,631

Art Unit: 2173

upon detection of the event, deleting the execution icon and execution-related data corresponding to the execution icon from the performance data (when the icon from the toolbar is moved out the toolbar area, the icon is removed, thereby removing the icon itself and any related data, i.e. icon name, function, etc.) (Mandt: column 8, lines 8-17). It would have been obvious to one of ordinary skill in the art, having the teachings of Aikin, Blumenau and Mandt before him at the time the invention was made, to modify the graphical user interface for editing performance data using the attachment of icons to layers of Aikin and Blumenau to include the removal of icons and corresponding information from the layer when the icon is moved outside of a prescribed area, as taught by Mandt. One would have been motivated to make such a combination in order to allow users to create, remove and manipulate icons on the screen with maximum efficiency and minimum complexity (Mandt: column 1, lines 8-13 and column 3, lines 19-24).

Referring to claim 26, Aikin, as modified, teach wherein one or plural execution icons are arranged in the layer in a direction from the left to the right on the display screen in accordance with progress of the performance data (as shown from Figure 2 of Aikin, the musical notes are displayed from left to right to show a progression of the music).

Referring to claim 27, Aikin, as modified, teach wherein the layer is displayed as an execution icon layer corresponding to the execution-related data (the instrument icons corresponding to how the music is going to be played, are displayed in a layer, i.e. the instruments are displayed in its own window/menu) (Aikin: page 123).

Referring to claim 28, Aikin, as modified, teach wherein the execution icon layer contains at least one of a tempo icon layer, a dynamics icon layer, a joint icon layer, a modulation icon layer, an accent icon layer, an attack icon layer, and a release icon layer (as shown in Figure 3, the displayed layers include a "Modulation" layer) (Aikin: page 123).

Referring to claim 29, Aikin, as modified, teach wherein when the execution icon attached to the layer is edited, edited content is reflected onto the performance data (icons can be edited, such as moving the icon out of the toolbar area, thereby causing the data to reflect such an edit, i.e. the icon is removed, thereby removing the icon itself and any related data, i.e. icon name, function, etc.) (Mandt: column 8, lines 8-17).

## Response to Arguments

- 4. Applicant's amendment to the Abstract filed on 06/04/08 have been received and considered; the amendments overcome the objection to the Abstract made in the previous final office action dated 02/05/08; the previous objection is now withdrawn.
- Applicant's arguments with respect to claims 8, 17, 23 and 26-29 have been considered but are moot in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

#### Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to TING ZHOU whose telephone number is (571)272-4058. The examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday 9:00am - 6:00pm.

Application/Control Number: 10/712,631 Page 7

Art Unit: 2173

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Dennis Chow can be reached on (571) 272-7767. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

ΤZ

/Ting Zhou/ Primary Examiner, Art Unit 2173